

Key Knowledge

The British Empire colonised (ruled) a large number of countries, including the West Indies and parts of Africa.

Slavery is having to work very hard without any pay and in some cases being owned.

Slavery is still happening today but British involvement in the Atlantic slave trade started in the 1560s and was abolished (ended) in 1807.

The Slave triangle was a three part trading journey between Europe, Africa and America.

Between the 16th and 19th centuries , Europeans transported an estimated 12.5 million Africans across the Atlantic to work in slavery. Unknown millions died as a result.

The transatlantic slave trade brought great wealth to Britain, but harmed many millions of Africans.

There are 4 British Values – Democracy, Mutual Respect and Tolerance, The Rule of Law and Individual Liberty.

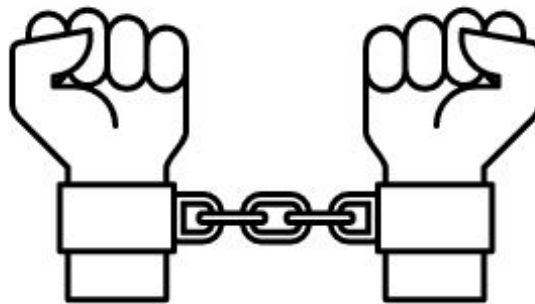
Where we are in time and place

A summary of the unit

Evidence of Britain's past can still be seen today

What was the Transatlantic slave trade?

How did the British and Benin Empires compare?



Key Concepts



Vocabulary

Respect - giving attention or showing care.

Trade - When people or countries trade, they buy, sell, or swap goods between themselves.

Impact - having a strong effect on people and how they act

Inferior - not as good as something or someone else

Inequality - a person or group being treated unfairly