



BY SHALINI VALLEPUR

BookLife PUBLISHING

©2019 BookLife Publishing Ltd. King's Lynn Norfolk PE30 4LS

ISBN: 978-1-83927-206-6

Written by: Shalini Vallepur

Edited by: Madeline Tyler

Designed by: Jasmine Pointer All facts, statistics, web addresses and URLs in this book were verified as valid and accurate at time of writing. No responsibility for any changes to external websites or references can be accepted by either the author or publisher.

IMAGE CREDITS

All images are courtesy of Shutterstock.com, unless otherwise specified. With thanks to Getty Images, Thinkstock Photo and iStockphoto. Cover and throughout – asantosg, Forest Foxy, WINS86. 6 – primiaou. 7 – Sue Robinson. 8 – Shamanska Kate. 9 – Have a nice day Photo. 12 – Natasha Pankina. 13 – PILart. 14 – primiaou, schab. 15 – akkachai thothubthai. 16 – ALEXHIIV. 17 – Macrovector. 19 – Brian A Jackson, Ket4up. 21 – Ruslan Kim Studio, KIRIMARA. 22 – Natasha Pankina. 23 – Alhovik. 24 – was a. 25 – sportpoinT, Stock Vector. 27 – vectorplus, Fred Ho. 29 – Vova_31. 30 – fullvector.

CONTENTS

PAGE 4	I Can Be Sporty
PAGE 6	Gertrude Ederle
PAGE 8	Jesse Owens
PAGE 10	Be Like Owens
PAGE 12	Pelé
PAGE 14	Bruce Lee
PAGE 16	Muhammad Ali
PAGE 18	Jackie Joyner-Kersee
PAGE 20	Be Like Joyner-Kersee
PAGE 22	Serena Williams
PAGE 24	Usain Bolt
PAGE 26	Geeta Phogat
PAGE 28	Ellie Simmonds
PAGE 30	Medals and More
PAGE 31	Glossary
PAGE 32	Index

WORDS THAT LOOK LIKE <u>this</u> CAN BE FOUND IN THE GLOSSARY ON PAGE 31.

i CAN BE... SPORTY

Have you ever been to see a football match? Or watched a tennis match on TV? Sporty people all over the world spend their lives training to compete in competitions such as the Olympic Games. But why do we compete and play sports?

People have always pushed themselves to be good at certain things, and sports are no different.

Sport can be hard, but it is also a good way to overcome many problems. Anybody can play sport; it doesn't matter where somebody comes from or if they have a disability.

Read on to learn about the lives of some super sporty people who have shown the world the amazing things people can do.

GERTRUDE EDERLE Born: 1905 Died: 2003

Gertrude Ederle was brought up in New York City in the US. Ederle caught <u>measles</u> when she was five years old and started to lose hearing in one ear. However, this didn't hold Ederle back. She started swimming and, when she was a teenager, she trained as a competitive swimmer.

Ederle found huge success in <u>long-distance</u> swimming. She started competing in bigger and bigger competitions and went on to win medals in the 1924 Olympic Games. After winning many competitions, Ederle set her sights on something even more challenging – swimming the English Channel. At the time, only five men had swum the 32 kilometres (km) across the English Channel. Ederle wanted to be the first woman to swim the dangerous and tough journey.

After being blown off course during her first attempt and having to be taken out of the water, she succeeded on her second attempt.
She was again blown off course the second time, which meant she swam a massive 56 km instead of 32 km. However, she had still beaten the previous record set by men by more than two hours. Everybody in the US celebrated Ederle's achievement – even the president congratulated her!

Ederle continued swimming, but soon her hearing problems got worse. She became a swimming teacher and helped deaf children learn to swim.



"TO ME, THE SEA IS LIKE A PERSON [...] WHEN I SWIM IN THE SEA, I TALK TO IT. I NEVER FEEL ALONE WHEN I'M OUT THERE." - GERTRUDE EDERLE

the Manual & Manual Provident Stand Strates and

JESSE OWENS

Born: 1913 Died: 1980

James Owens grew up in Ohio in the US. He was the youngest of ten children. His grandfather used to be a <u>slave</u> and his father worked as a farmer. Growing up, Owens helped his father in the fields. Owens was given the nickname Jesse by a schoolteacher and it stuck.

A high school <u>coach</u> noticed how fast Owens could run and encouraged him to start training. Owens began to set new records in athletics in his school and in Ohio. He became the captain of the college athletics team but because of <u>racial segregation</u> in the US, he was not allowed to live at college or eat with the white team members. Despite this treatment, Owens kept smashing records and winning races.

Owens went on to compete in the 1936 Olympic Games, the first Olympic Games to be shown on TV, in Berlin in Germany. These games happened when <u>Nazi</u> leader Adolf Hitler was in power in Berlin. Hitler's views were <u>racist</u>. Hitler thought that white people were better than others, and he thought they would do better at the Olympics. Owens proved Hitler wrong when he won four gold medals.

When Owens returned to the US, he was not congratulated by the president, which was something the president did for many other athletes. Despite this, Owens' great achievements were not forgotten and he spent the rest of his life training new athletes. IF I COULD JUST WIN THOSE GOLD MEDALS, I SAID TO MYSELF, THE HITLERS OF THE WORLD WOULD HAVE NO MORE MEANING FOR ME. FOR ANYONE, MAYBE." – JESSE OWENS

A CONTRACTOR OF A CONTRACTOR

OHIO





- Draw a star or any other shape on the cardboard and cut it out. Make sure it can fit onto the jar lid.
- Glue the shape onto the jar lid.
- 3. Cover the jar lid in a thin layer of glue.
- Sprinkle the glitter all over the jar lid and leave to dry completely.
- Make a loop with the ribbon and glue it to the back of the jar lid so you can wear the medal.
- 6. Wear your medal you're a winner!

Why not make medals for your friends and family? You could write 'Funniest Friend' or 'Amazing Auntie' and give them out as awards.

Get an adult to help you with the scissors!



PELÉ Born: 1940

Edson Arantes do Nascimento was born in Brazil. His family didn't have a lot of money. Nascimento played football in the streets with a sock stuffed with rags. Nascimento's friends gave him the nickname 'Pelé' and it stuck. Pelé joined a youth squad and his football skills got better and better. He was picked to play in a <u>professional</u> football club as a goal scorer when he was only 15 years old.

Pelé became a <u>national</u> hero in Brazil and it wasn't long before he joined the Brazilian national football team. He played in the 1958 World Cup when he was only 17 years old. He stunned the world with his talent on the football pitch, scoring many goals and helping Brazil to win the World Cup.

Many European football clubs wanted Pelé to play for their teams, but Pelé stayed in Brazil. He went on to help Brazil win two more World Cups. Pelé became a huge football star around the world, and he also did a lot of work for charity. Pelé understood what it was like to have a difficult childhood, so he worked with charities to help children.



"SUCCESS IS NO ACCIDENT. IT IS HARD WORK, PERSEVERANCE, LEARNING, STUDYING, SACRIFICE AND MOST OF ALL, LOVE OF WHAT YOU ARE DOING OR LEARNING TO DO." - PELÉ

 \int

BE LIKE PELÉ AND ALWAYS WORK HARD.

BRUCE LEE Born: 1940 Died: 1973

Lee Jun Fan was born in a US hospital and was given the name 'Bruce' by one of the nurses. Lee left the US and grew up in Hong Kong. Lee was interested in many different things growing up, such as dance and poetry. He even appeared in films as a child actor. Lee got into trouble with **gangs** as a teenager. He began to learn a style of **martial arts** called **kung fu** so that he could protect himself. He was extremely talented at kung fu.

Lee moved back to the US when he was 18 years old. He went to university and supported himself by teaching kung fu. Here, he created his own style of martial arts called jeet kune do. Lee was spotted by somebody in the film industry while giving a demonstration. He started to act again and starred in TV shows and films. His fourth film was the first martial arts film to be made by a Hollywood studio. Lee had lots of success with films but he never stopped teaching and passing on his skills – he taught kung fu to many celebrities in the US. He was dedicated to his sport, and had an extremely strict training plan.

Lee passed away when he was only 32. He helped to bring Asian culture to the US and inspired people around the world to take part in martial arts.



"DON'T FEAR FAILURE. NOT FAILURE, BUT LOW AIM, IS THE CRIME. IN GREAT ATTEMPTS IT IS GLORIOUS EVEN TO FAIL." - BRUCE LEE

BE LIKE LEE AND AIM HIGH.

MUHAMMAD ALI

Born: 1942 Died: 2016

Cassius Clay Jr was born in Kentucky in the US. Growing up in Kentucky was hard because of racial segregation. Clay, his family and other Black Americans in Kentucky weren't allowed to go to the same places as white Americans. When Clay was 12, somebody stole his bike. Clay told the police officer that he wanted to fight the person who stole his bike. The police officer was a boxing coach and offered to teach Clay how to box, taking his fighting away from the streets and into a boxing ring.

Clay competed in <u>amateur</u> boxing matches. He fought over 100 matches and won more than 90 of them. His life changed when he competed in the 1960 Olympic Games and won a gold medal. He decided to start competing professionally. Clay became the <u>heavyweight</u> champion of the world and a famous celebrity. He was known for his new and different style of boxing and his confidence inside and outside the boxing ring.

In 1964, Clay began to follow the religion of Islam and changed his name to Muhammad Ali. He <u>retired</u> from boxing in 1981 and used his fame to improve life for Black Americans as well as promoting peace for everybody in the world. He is remembered for being one of the greatest boxers of all time. "IF MY MIND CAN CONCEIVE IT, AND MY HEART CAN BELIEVE IT -THEN I CAN ACHIEVE IT." - MUHAMMAD ALI





JACKIE JOYNER-KERSEE Born: 1962

Jacqueline Joyner grew up in a poor neighbourhood in the US. She was a sporty child and never said no to trying new sports. Joyner joined her school's sports teams and competed in volleyball, basketball and athletics. Joyner did well in these sports and was given a basketball <u>scholarship</u> to go to university.

Joyner started training to compete in the <u>heptathlon</u>. At this time, the heptathlon wasn't a popular event. However, Joyner brought attention to it at the Olympic Games and other worldwide competitions by winning medals. In 1983, Joyner was told she had <u>asthma</u>. She struggled with the condition as it had an effect on her sporting ability. She tried her best to win the gold medal in the heptathlon at the 1984 Olympic Games, but missed out by few points. This made her more determined to win gold at the next Olympic Games. In 1986, Joyner married her coach, Bob Kersee, and changed her name to Joyner-Kersee.

After years of hard work and training, Joyner-Kersee won the gold medal for the heptathlon at the 1988 Olympic Games. She also set a new world record and scored more points than any other woman. She saw more success at the 1992 Olympic Games when she won gold again. She was given the Jesse Owens Award for her achievements in sport two years in a row and, in 2013, the Jackie Joyner-Kersee award was made. Joyner-Kersee's story has inspired people to overcome their conditions and to never give up.

[19]

"THE ONLY PERSON WHO CAN STOP YOU FROM REACHING YOUR GOALS IS YOU." - JACKIE JOYNER-KERSEE

BE LIKE JOYNER-KERSEE AND NEVER STOP TRAINING TO BE THE BEST YOU CAN BE

BE LIKE JOYNER-KERSEE

THE HEPTATHLON

Let's take a look at the seven different events in a heptathlon and recreate one! Have you ever watched a heptathlon or competed in one?

 100-metre hurdles: Athletes have to run and jump over ten hurdles over a distance of 100 metres (m).

2) High jump: Athletes have a short run of
15 m before launching themselves over a bar.

3) Shot put: Using a special spinning movement, athletes throw an iron ball as far as they can.

 200 m run: Athletes race against each other over 200 m.

- Funning long jump: Athletes run about
 30 m then jump forward off a board into a pit of sand.
- 6) <u>Javelin</u> throw: Athletes run a short distance and throw a javelin as far as they can.
- 7) 800 m run: Athletes race against each other over 800 m.



(22)

SERENA WILLIAMS Born: 1981

Serena Williams grew up with four sisters and her parents in Compton in the US. Serena started playing tennis with her elder sister Venus when she was three years old. Williams won her first tournament when she was only four years old.

Serena turned professional when she was 14 years old, a year after Venus turned professional. Both sisters had their own style of playing that impressed audiences everywhere. They teamed up to compete in doubles tournaments and together they have gone on to win 14 <u>Grand Slam</u> doubles titles! By the end of 2018, Williams had won 23 Grand Slam singles titles as well as four gold medals in the Olympic Games. But this didn't come easily.

Williams has faced many challenges along the way. Along with injuries, Williams has dealt with many obstacles within the tennis world and criticism for things such as the clothes she wears. But these challenges and setbacks didn't stop her from becoming one of the greatest tennis players in history.



BE LIKE WILLIAMS AND PICK YOURSELF UP WHEN YOU FALL DOWN.

USAIN BOLT Born: 1986

Growing up in Jamaica, Usain Bolt loved playing football and cricket. One day, his cricket coach noticed how fast he could **sprint**. The coach felt that Bolt would be an amazing athlete and convinced him to start training in athletics. Bolt was a huge success in school and local competitions. Bolt won a gold medal in the 2002 World Junior Championships, becoming the youngest ever world junior champion in any event.

Bolt injured his <u>hamstring</u> before competing in the 2004 Olympic Games. It was a major setback and he failed to win any medals. Bolt didn't give up and trained harder than ever. He competed in the 2008 Olympic Games and won three gold medals as well as beating previous world records. Although the hamstring injury got better after a while, Bolt has a long-term condition called <u>scoliosis</u>. He had to work hard to make sure his injuries and scoliosis didn't slow him down.

Bolt became a famous star around the world. He has set up his own charity that promotes education for children so that everybody can achieve their dreams.



GEETA PHOGAT Born: 1988

Geeta Phogat was born in a small village in India. Her father was a wrestler. He wanted to have a son who he could teach to wrestle, but instead he had four daughters. It was normal in Phogat's village for girls to stay at home and get married when they were young. Phogat's father wanted something different for his daughters so he decided to train them in wrestling.

Many people in the village gossiped about Phogat and her family. They thought girls shouldn't be allowed to wrestle. Phogat didn't listen to them. She followed her father's strict training and she began to compete in wrestling competitions in India. She even cut her hair off so that it wouldn't get in the way when she practised.

Phogat competed in the 2010 Commonwealth Games. She won a gold medal and brought wrestling to India's attention. In 2012, she became the first Indian woman to compete as a wrestler in the Olympic Games. By the end of 2018, Phogat had won a gold medal in the Commonwealth Games, two gold medals in the Commonwealth Championships and a gold medal in the Asian Olympic Qualification Tournament. Phogat has inspired other girls in India to take up wrestling.

"IT'S ABOUT HARD WORK AND NOT GENDER." - GEETA PHOGAT

A CONTRACTOR

BE LIKE PHOGAT AND DON'T LET OTHER PEOPLE STOP YOU FROM DOING WHAT YOU LOVE.

ELLIE SIMMONDS Born: 1994

Eleanor Simmonds was born in Great Britain with achondroplasia. Achondroplasia is a condition that means a person's legs and arms do not grow to their full length and are short compared with the person's <u>torso</u>. Simmonds started swimming when she was five years old. She was very competitive when she was a child and liked to win when playing board games and in races at school. She became interested in taking swimming more seriously and training harder when she saw the 2004 Paralympic Games on TV.

When Simmonds was 13 years old, she competed in the 2008 Paralympic Games. She was the youngest person to compete for Great Britain that year and she surprised everybody when she won two gold medals. Simmonds shows no signs of slowing down – she has won many gold medals in major competitions.

Simmonds makes swimming look easy, but she faced many challenges along the way. She had an operation on her legs when she was 12 years old and she had to move away from her family so that she could train properly. Simmonds was <u>appointed</u> an <u>OBE</u> when she was 18 years old to celebrate her hard work and achievements in the Paralympics.

"I'M A NORMAL PERSON, JUST A LOT SMALLER. I GET ON WITH IT. EVERYBODY SHOULD DO THAT [...] GO OUT AND ACHIEVE WHATEVER YOU WANT." - ELLIE SIMMONDS

BE LIKE SIMMONDS AND DO

EVERYTHING THAT YOU WANT TO DO.



GLOSSARY

accolades	marks of approval or awards
amateur	someone who does something for fun rather than professionally
appointed	to be given a job or a title
asthma	a condition that affects the lungs
coach	a person who trains athletes
gangs	groups of people who sometimes commit crimes
Grand Slam	the four most important annual tennis events
hamstring	a muscle that is at the back of a person's leg, between the hip and the knee
heavyweight	a category of boxers who weigh above a certain amount
heptathlon	a sporting event that is made up of seven different events
javelin	a spear-like pole that is used in some sports
kung fu	a type of martial art that comes from China
long-distance	travelling a long way
martial arts	a group of sports that use the body to defend and attack
MBE	MBE stands for Member of the British Empire; an award given for an outstanding achievement or service to the community
measles	a disease that causes fever and a red skin rash
national	relating to a nation
Nazi	a political party that controlled Germany from 1933 to 1945 and fought in World War Two
OBE	OBE stands for Officer of the Most Excellent Order of the British Empire; an award given for outstanding achievements in a person's chosen area
professional	someone who does a job that needs special training
racial segregation	separating people based on their race
racist	to treat somebody badly or unfairly because of their race
retired	to have stopped working professionally
scholarship	money that is given to students to help them pay for school or university
scoliosis	when a person's spine is slightly curved
slave	a person who has no freedom and is owned by another person
sprint	a short, fast run
torso	the body from the neck to the hips

INDEX

athletes 8–10, 18–20, 24–25, 30 athletics 8, 18, 20–21, 24

B boxing 16–17

A

C coaches 8–9, 16, 18, 24 Commonwealth Games 26

E English Channel 6, 30

F families 11–12, 16, 26, 28 football 4, 12–13, 24, 30

H heptathlon 18–21

I injuries 22, 24



M medals 6–11, 16–19, 22–30

O Olympic Games 4, 6, 8, 16, 18, 22, 24, 26, 30

P Paralympics 28, 30

S swimming 6–7, 28–30

T

tennis 4, 22–23 throwing 20–21 tournaments 12–13, 22, 26 training 4, 6, 8, 14, 18–19, 24, 26, 28

W wrestling 26–27

i CANBE... SPOBLY

Be bold like Boudicca, adventurous like Amelia Earhart and super sporty like Usain Bolt! Explore the achievements and lives of key figures from the past and present. How did Galileo make important discoveries and how did Frida Kahlo overcome hardship? This series will inspire you to be whatever you want to be.

TITLES IN THIS SERIES



BookLife

JBLISHING









